GigaDevice Semiconductor Inc.

Arm® Cortex®-M3/4/23/33 32-bit MCU

Application Note
AN013
# Table of Contents

Table of Contents ....................................................................................................................................... 2  
List of Figures .................................................................................................................................................. 3  
List of Table .................................................................................................................................................... 4  
1. Introduction .................................................................................................................................................. 5  
2. CLA square wave filter scheme .................................................................................................................. 6  
   2.1. CLA square wave filter principle ......................................................................................................... 6  
   2.1. CLA software configuration .................................................................................................................. 7  
3. Square wave filter performance test ........................................................................................................... 11  
   3.1. Test conditions ......................................................................................................................................... 11  
   3.2. Test results ............................................................................................................................................. 11  
   3.3. CLA square wave filter precautions .................................................................................................... 11  
4. Revision history .............................................................................................................................................. 12
List of Figures

Figure 2-1. CLA square wave filter architecture ................................................................. 6
Figure 2-2. The principle of CLA square wave filter .......................................................... 6
Figure 3-1. Performance test of CLA square wave filter ...................................................... 11
List of Table

Table 2-1. CLA configuration in GD project ................................................................. 7
Table 2-2. TIMER2_TRGO configuration in GD project ................................................. 9
Table 4-1. Revision history .............................................................................................. 12
1. Introduction

The configurable logic array provides 256 programmable digital logic operations for external pins, ADC and timers without intervention from the CPU. Eight independent CLA units are implemented in this module. Each CLA unit supports configurable asynchronous or asynchronous output for GPIO pins. This paper presents a design scheme of using CLA to build square wave filter.
2. CLA square wave filter scheme

2.1. CLA square wave filter principle

The square wave filter architecture constructed by CLA is shown in Figure 2-1. CLA square wave filter architecture. CIA0 ~ CIA4 and CLA6 are used as filtering units to realize filtering function through logical combination among CLAs; CLA5 is used as trigger signal converter of filtering unit, CLA5 can convert TIMER2_TRGO signal to CLA5_ASYNC_OUT, CLA5_ASYNC_OUT is used as synchronous trigger clock source of filtering unit, and only CLA3 use HCLK as trigger clock source.

The user can set the filter width to filter out the maximum burr by configuring the TIMER2_TRGO.

Figure 2-1. CLA square wave filter architecture

![Figure 2-1. CLA square wave filter architecture](image)

Figure 2-2. The principle of CLA square wave filter shows the principle of filtering square wave signal by CLA square wave filter.

Figure 2-2. The principle of CLA square wave filter

![Figure 2-2. The principle of CLA square wave filter](image)
2.1. CLA software configuration

Square wave filter sets each CLA as a specific logic, and then combines them to achieve the purpose of filtering. The detailed configuration of CLA0 ~ CLA6 is as Table 2-1. CLA configuration in GD project.

| /*! brief | configure the CLA interface |
| /*param[in] none |
| /*param[out] none |
| retval none |
| */ |

```c
void cla_config(void)
{
    /* configure the CLA0 */
    /* select CLA5_ASYNC_OUT as input of MUX0 */
    cla_multiplexer_input_config(CLA0,MUX0,CLA0MUX0_CLA5_ASYNC_OUT);
    /* select CLA0_ASYNC_OUT as input of MUX1 */
    cla_multiplexer_input_config(CLA0,MUX1,CLA0MUX1_CLA0_ASYNC_OUT);
    /* IN1 as CLA0 output */
    cla_lut_control_config(CLA0,0xCC);
    /* select flip-flop result as CLA output */
    cla_output_config(CLA0,FLIP_FLOP_OUTPUT);
    cla_flip_flop_clocksource_config(CLA0,MUX0_OUTPUT);
    cla_flip_flop_clockpolarity_config(CLA0,CLA_CLOCKPOLARITY_POSEDGE);
    cla_flip_flop_output_reset(CLA0);

    /* configure the CLA1 */
    /* select CLA5_ASYNC_OUT as input of MUX0 */
    cla_multiplexer_input_config(CLA1,MUX0,CLA1MUX0_CLA5_ASYNC_OUT);
    /* select CLA0_ASYNC_OUT as input of MUX1 */
    cla_multiplexer_input_config(CLA1,MUX1,CLA1MUX1_CLA0_ASYNC_OUT);
    /* IN0 as CLA1 output */
    cla_lut_control_config(CLA1,0xCC);
    /* select flip-flop result as CLA output */
    cla_output_config(CLA1,FLIP_FLOP_OUTPUT);
    cla_flip_flop_clocksource_config(CLA1,MUX0_OUTPUT);
    cla_flip_flop_clockpolarity_config(CLA1,CLA_CLOCKPOLARITY_POSEDGE);
    cla_flip_flop_output_reset(CLA1);

    /* configure the CLA2 */
    /* select CLA0_ASYNC_OUT as input of MUX0 */
```
cla_multiplexer_input_config(CLA2,MUX0,CLA2MUX0_CLA0_ASYNC_OUT);
/* select CLA1_ASYNC_OUT as input of MUX0 */
cla_multiplexer_input_config(CLA2,MUX1,CLA2MUX1_CLA1_ASYNC_OUT);
/* IN0|IN1 */
cla_lut_control_config(CLA2,0xFC);
/* select flip-flop result as CLA output */
cla_output_config(CLA2,FLIP_FLOP_OUTPUT);
cla_flip_flop_clocksource_config(CLA2,TIMER_TRGO);
cla_flip_flop_clockpolarity_config(CLA2,CLA_CLOCKPOLARITY_POSEDGE);
cla_flip_flop_output_reset(CLA2);
cla_output_enable(CLA2);

/* configure the CLA3 */
/* select CLA5_ASYNC_OUT as input of MUX0 */
cla_multiplexer_input_config(CLA3,MUX0,CLA3MUX0_CLA5_ASYNC_OUT);
/* select CLA4_ASYNC_OUT as input of MUX1 */
cla_multiplexer_input_config(CLA3,MUX1,CLA3MUX1_CLA6_ASYNC_OUT);
/* IN0|IN3 */
cla_lut_control_config(CLA3,0x88);
/* select LUT result as CLA output */
cla_output_config(CLA3,LUT_RESULT);
cla_output_enable(CLA3);

/* configure the CLA4 */
/* select CLA5_ASYNC_OUT as input of MUX0 */
cla_multiplexer_input_config(CLA4,MUX0,CLA4MUX0_CLA5_ASYNC_OUT);
/* select CLA2_ASYNC_OUT as input of MUX1 */
cla_multiplexer_input_config(CLA4,MUX1,CLA4MUX1_CLA2_ASYNC_OUT);
/* IN0 */
cla_lut_control_config(CLA4,0xCC);
/* select flip-flop result as CLA output */
cla_output_config(CLA4,FLIP_FLOP_OUTPUT);
cla_flip_flop_clocksource_config(CLA4,MUX0_OUTPUT);
cla_flip_flop_clockpolarity_config(CLA4,CLA_CLOCKPOLARITY_POSEDGE);
cla_flip_flop_output_reset(CLA4);
cla_output_enable(CLA4);

/* configure the CLA5 */
/* select TIMER2_TRGO as input of MUX0 */
cla_multiplexer_input_config(CLA5,MUX0,CLA5MUX0_TIMER2_TRGO);
/* IN0 */
cla_lut_control_config(CLA5,0xF0);
/* select LUT result as CLA output */
The Scheme of CLA square wave filter

As the signal source of CLA5_ASYNC_OUT, TIMER2_TRGO signal adjusts the performance of the square wave filter by modifying the time interval of generating TRGO signal. The specific configuration of TIMER2 is as Table 2-2. TIMER2_TRGO configuration in GD project.

Table 2-2. TIMER2_TRGO configuration in GD project

```c
void timer_trgo_config(void)
{
    /* -----------------------------------------------
      TIMER Configuration:
      TIMERxCLK = SystemCoreClock/100 = 1MHz.
      TIMER configuration is timing mode, and the timing is 12 microsecond (12/1000000 = 12us).
      ----------------------------------------------- */
   timer_oc_parameter_struct timer_ocinitpara;
   timer_parameter_struct timer_initpara;
   /* enable the peripherals clock */
   rcu_periph_clock_enable(RCU_TIMER2);
   /* deinit a TIMER2 */
   timer_deinit(TIMER2);
}
```
/* initialize TIMER init parameter struct */
timer_struct_para_init(&timer_initpara);

/* TIMER2 configuration */
timer_initpara.prescaler       = 99;
timer_initpara.alignedmode     = TIMER_COUNTER_EDGE;
timer_initpara.counterdirection = TIMER_COUNTER_UP;
timer_initpara.period         = 12;
timer_initpara.clockdivision  = TIMER_CKDIV_DIV1;
timer_init(TIMER2, &timer_initpara);
timer_master_output_trigger_source_select(TIMER2, TIMER_TRI_OUT_SRC_UPDATE);

/* enable a TIMER */
timer_enable(TIMER2);
3. **Square wave filter performance test**

3.1. **Test conditions**

The test input signal is a square wave with a duty cycle of 4ms and a duty cycle of 50%. Each half cycle has 12 consecutive burrs with a width of 1us. By configuring timer2, the time interval of TIMER2_TRGO signal is set to 12us, and CLA filter can filter out the burr of maximum pulse width to 12us.

3.2. **Test results**

The performance test results of the square wave filter are shown in Figure 3-1. Performance test of CLA square wave filter, in which the yellow-signal represents the original signal and the blue-signal represents the filtered signal. The picture shows the amplified signal details from left to right. The test shows that 12 burrs with a continuous width of 1us have been filtered out by CLA filter.

![Figure 3-1. Performance test of CLA square wave filter](image)

3.3. **CLA square wave filter precautions**

The following points need to be noted when using CLA square wave filters.

1. The relationship between the trigger interval of TIMER2_TRGO of CLA square wave filter and the burr width of signal. The TIMER2_TRGO signal determines the single maximum burr width that can be filtered out by CLA filter. If the burr signal is continuous, the time interval of TIMER2_TRGO should be greater than the sum of the width of burr signal. If the burr signal cannot be completely filtered out, try to increase the time interval of TIMER2_TRGO.

2. For the square wave signal with discontinuous burr signal, the CLA square wave filter configures TIMER2_TRGO as the maximum time width in the burr signal.

3. CLA7 can be added between CLA6 and CLA3, with the same function configuration as CLA6, which can improve the filtering performance of CLA square wave filter when the burr signal width is large.
4. Revision history

Table 4-1. Revision history

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revision No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>Initial Release</td>
<td>Dec.13 2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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